

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier(s): Moonshine® Effect Series Metallic Gold  
 Product Name(s): Metallic Gold Ultra Shimmer  
 Product Code(s): GFE-MGSU

Other means of identification: Calcium Sodium Borosilicate, Calcium Aluminum Borosilicate, Moonshine® Glass flake

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Use of the substance/mixture: Industrial uses, cosmetic uses as a decorative filler

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Name of Supplier: Glassflake Ltd  
 - Address of Supplier: Forster Street, Hunslet, Leeds, LS10 1PW  
 - Telephone: +44 (0) 113 2703615  
 - Fax: +44 (0) 113 2718750  
 - Email: Info@glassflake.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

- Emergency Telephone: +44 (0) 1652 642124

## SECTION 2 Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product identification: Mixture  
 Not classified as hazardous.

### 2.2 Label elements

Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Depending on the type of handling and use, airborne glass fiber dusts can be generated.

The product should be handled with care to avoid airborne fiber dust generation, wear appropriate PPE and use extraction systems.

## SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Classification	Type
Calcium Sodium Borosilicate	65997-17-3	60 - 80	Not classified	(A)
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	15 - 30	Hazardous*	(A)
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5 - 10	Not classified	(A)
Tin Oxide	18282-10-5	0 - 1	Not classified	(A)

Type - [A] Constituent [B] Impurity [C] Additive

\*The finished products are not classified as hazardous, this is because they do not contain >1% particles with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less. The classification applies the Titanium Dioxide, not Moonshine Effect pigments.

## SECTION 4 First aid measures

### 4.1 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If skin irritation occurs, wash with mild soap and running water.

Mildly irritating to eyes. If irritation occurs, flush with flowing water for at least 15 minutes and if symptoms persist, seek immediate medical attention.

Mildly irritating to respiratory system. (Large amounts of dust) Move victim to fresh air. Aid breathing.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Transport the injured person to fresh air and keep him at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If material is swallowed, if person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink.

Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Consult a doctor if symptoms occur.

### 4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact supplier for further information.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Use ventilation and PPE.

Move victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Aid breathing; get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion: Wash mouth out with water. Move victim to fresh air and keep rested in a position comfortable for breathing.

If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink.

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Aid breathing; get medical attention if symptoms occur.

## SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- P370+P378 - In case of fire: use water, alcohol resistant foam or dry agent to extinguish.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Not flammable. In case of fire use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding conditions

Glass flake products are non-combustible and will not burn. Additionally, there are many chemicals that can evolve during any partial decomposition of chemical products. The amounts or identities cannot be predicted and can differ in each situation. Possible release of Iron Oxides.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Glass flake products will not support combustion, but in a sustained fire, proper protection and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece, operated in positive pressure mode (including fire-fighters helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standards EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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## SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation of dusts.

For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in 'Section 8' on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in 'For non-emergency personnel'.

### 6.2 Environmental Precautions

Glass flake is generally considered to be an inert solid waste. No special precautions are needed in case of release or spill. Iron Oxides: prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small/Large spill:

Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See 'Section 1' for emergency contact information. See 'Section 8.2' for information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment. See 'Section 13' for additional waste treatment information.

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## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of 'Relevant identified uses' in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures and advice general occupational information on hygiene measures:

Put on Personal Protective Equipment (see 'Section 8.2'). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where the material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

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## SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (EU & Other):

Product/Ingredient name	Exposure limit values (8 Hour TWA reference period)
Calcium Sodium Borosilicate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007) TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium Dioxide	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total inhalable) 4mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection ( ... )

Iron Oxide	Finland: TWA 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, as Fe), Belgium: TWA = 2ppm (5mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (fume, as Fe) Denmark: TWA = 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Fe), UK: TWA = 10mg/m <sup>3</sup> (EH40 WELs) Inhalable, Canada: TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, as Fe), Australia: TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, as Fe), Korea: TWA=5mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Tin Oxide	Belgium: TWA = 2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn), Canada: TWA = 2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn) Finland: TWA = 2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn), Spain: TWA = 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn), Korea: TWA = 2mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Occupational exposure limits (US):

Product/Ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Calcium Sodium Borosilicate	OSHA: TWA = 15mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction) NIOSH: TWA = 3 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup> (fibers <3.5um in diameter & > 10um (in length) TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust).
Titanium Dioxide	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total inhalable) 4mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
Iron Oxide	OSHA: TWA = 10mg/m <sup>3</sup> , NIOSH: TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> , ACGIH: TWA = 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction).
Tin Oxide	NIOSH: TWA = 2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn)

### Recommended monitoring procedures:

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to the European Standards EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

DNELs: Not available.

PNECs: Not available.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Individual protection measures -

Hygiene measures: Good personal hygiene and the use of barrier creams, caps, protective gloves, cotton overalls or long sleeved loose fitting clothing will maximise comfort. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Work clothing should be laundered separately from other clothing before reuse. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses / goggles with side shields.

Skin/Hand protection: Use gloves to protect against physical irritation or injury if required by handling conditions.

Gloves: Nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC, Viton.

Body protection: Wear clean body covering clothing.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use a respirator that will protect against dust/mist.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance:	Solid in the form of flakes
- Odour threshold	No odour
- pH:	7-11
- Melting point/Range:	>850 deg C / approx. 688 deg C (Softening point)
- Freezing point/Range:	Not applicable
- Boiling Point/Range:	Not available
- Flashpoint: Closed cup:	Not applicable (Product does not sustain combustion).
- Evaporation Rate:	Not available

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**SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties ( ... )**

- Flammability: Not available
- Upper explosive limit: Not applicable % (in air)
- Lower explosive limit: Not applicable % (in air)
- Vapour Density: Not available
- Density: Not available
- Specific Gravity: 2.7-2.9
- Solubility in water: Insoluble in water
- Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/Water): Not available
- Autoignition Temperature: Not available
- Viscosity: Not available
- Explosive Properties: Not available
- Oxidizing Properties: Not available
- Particle Characteristics: Ultra Shimmer (d10 – d90): 5 - 45µm. (By Laser Diffraction)

**9.2 Other information**

No additional information.

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**SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Avoid airborne dusts. Heat, sparks or flames. When exposed to high temperatures, product can produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed on 'Sections 7 and 8'.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Chloroformates, peroxides, strong acids, combustibles.

**10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Moonshine products can release small amounts of acetic acid and other organic materials at elevated temperatures.

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**SECTION 11 Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

## Acute toxicity

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate: Not classified.

Titanium Dioxide: (Oral): Rat LD50 >5,000mg/kg (OECD TG 425)  
(Dermal): Rabbit, LD50 >10,000mg/kg

Iron Oxide: (Oral) Rat LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg.  
(Dermal) Not available.

Tin Oxide: (Oral): Rat LD50 > 2,000mg/kg

## Skin irritation/corrosion - Can cause skin irritation.

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate: In skin irritation with rabbits, irritations were not observed (OECD, TG 404 GLP).

Titanium Dioxide: Not observed (OECD, TG 404 GLP)

Iron Oxide: In a patch test with rabbits, irritation was not observed (OECD TG 404, GLP).

Tin Oxide: Not observed.

## Serious eye damage/ irritation - Can cause temporary irritation.

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate:

In a case study on the effect of the occupational exposure with human, eye irritations were not observed.

Titanium Dioxide: Not observed (OECD, TG 404 GLP)

Iron Oxide: In a test with rabbits, eye irritation was not observed (OECD TG 405,

GLP). Tin Oxide: Not observed.

## Respiratory sensitization: Can cause mechanical irritation.

## Skin sensitization

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate: In a case study of worker exposure by dermal contact, skin sensitization was not observed.

Iron Oxide: In a Maurer optimization test with guinea pigs, this substance was the result of ambiguity.

Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

## Reproductive toxicity

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate: In a reproductive/developmental toxicity test, reproductive/developmental toxicity were not observed.

Iron Oxide: Not available

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## SECTION 11 Toxicological information ( ... )

### Mutagenicity

Calcium Sodium Borosilicate: Mutagenic reactions were not observed in in-vitro (TNF-alpha test).

Titanium Dioxide: Negative reactions were observed in in-vitro (mammalian cell gene mutation test (OECD TG 476, GLP), mammalian chromosome aberration test (OECD TG 73, GLP), bacterial reverse mutation assay (OECD TG 471 and in in-vivo (micronucleus assay).

Iron Oxide: Not available.

Tin Oxide: Not observed.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure) : Not available.

Teratogenicity: Not available.

Aspiration hazard: No aspiration hazards expected.

Information of the likely exposure routes: Not classified.

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Dusts from this product can cause mechanical irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Although ingestion of this product is not likely to occur in industrial applications, accidental ingestion can cause illness or irritation of the mouth and gastrointestinal tract.

Potential Chronic health effects: Prolonged or repeated exposure to dust can cause pulmonary problems.

### Conclusion/Summary:

There are no known health effects from the long-term use or contact with non-respirable glassflakes or coated glassflakes, Moonshine. Non-respirable flakes and/or pigment cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 10 microns. Flakes of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung and thus, have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. Instead, they deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose or pharynx. These flakes are cleared through normal physiological mechanisms.

This product does not contain free Iron Oxide.

Other information: Not available.

The product is not classified as dangerous.

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## SECTION 12 Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

- Not available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

- Not available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulation Potential

- Not available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

- Not available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- Not applicable

### 12.6 Other Adverse Effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of "Relevant identified uses" in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided by the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product - Methods of disposal:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste: The generation of waste should be avoided wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**SECTION 13 Disposal considerations (...)**

Packaging - Methods of disposal:

The generation of waste should be avoided wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging: Pallet - European waste catalogue (EWC): 150102 plastic packaging, 150103 wooden packaging. Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

**SECTION 14 Transport information****14.1 Special precautions for user**

The product(s) are not considered hazardous according to national and international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods.

**SECTION 15 Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

(GHS) COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

REACH: Calcium Sodium Borosilicate and/or Calcium Aluminum Borosilicate (Glassflake) is classed as an article under REACH therefore exempt from REACH registration under Annex V paragraph 11 (Exemptions from the Obligation to Register in Accordance with Article 2(7) (b) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization. Substances of Very High Concern. Glassflake contains Boron in the glass matrix from the melted raw materials; therefore, Glassflake and Moonshine Effect Pigments are not a substance of very high concern and are generally regarded as safe (GRAS) for use in cosmetics.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles not applicable.

(OSHA) US Federal Regulations

Toxic substances Control Act: This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12 (B) if exported from the United States: No TSCA 12 (b) components exist in this product.

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category: This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories: None Known

Sara Section 313: This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372: No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations: New Jersey Right-to-Know: The following materials are non-hazardous, but among the top five components in this product. No NJ Right-To-Know components exist in this product.

Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%. No PA Right-To-Know components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: Titanium Dioxide is listed on the California Proposition 65 List as a chemical, known to the State of California, to cause cancer in its airborne form, i.e. unbound particles or respirable size. This listing in Proposition 65 does not cover Titanium Dioxide, when it remains bound in a product matrix.

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS: This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings. Canadian WHMIS Class: No WHMIS Class Assigned.

Chemical Inventory	Inventory Name	Calcium Sodium Borosilicate Calcium Aluminum Borosilicate	Titanium Dioxide	Iron Oxide	Tin Oxide
EU	EINECS	o	o	o	o
Australia	AICS	o	o	o	o
Canada	DSL	o	o	o	o
Japan	ENCS	x	o	o	o
Korea	KECI	o	o	o	o
China	IECSC	o	o	o	o
USA	TSCA	o	o	o	o

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

**SECTION 16 Other information**

For detailed composition, please refer to the Technical Data Sheet.

Date of revision: JANUARY 2024 Version 5.4.0 (GHS & OSHA Compliant)

Note: This information is based on present scientific and technical knowledge, and is offered in good faith, but without guarantee or liability.

Should further information regarding this product be required, please consult Glassflake technicalservices.